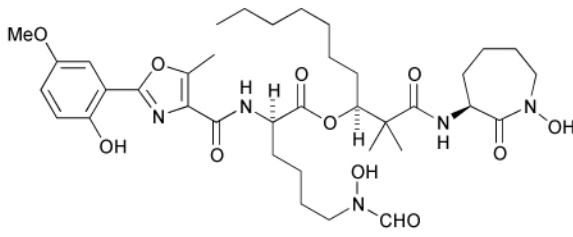
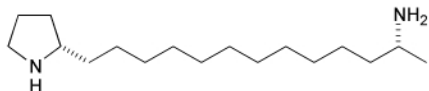
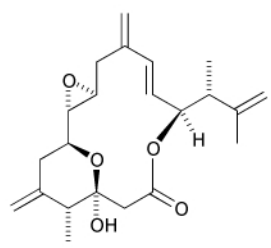
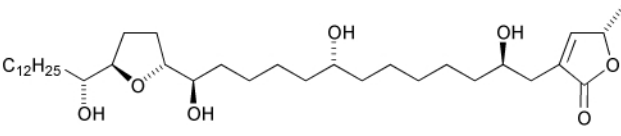
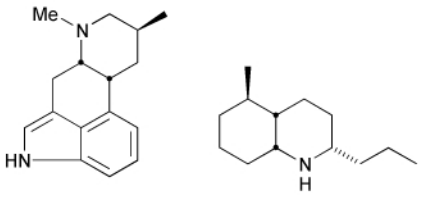
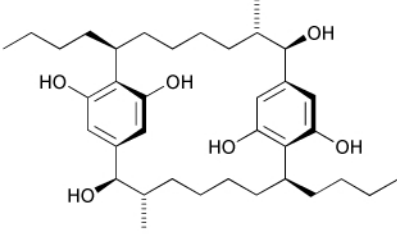
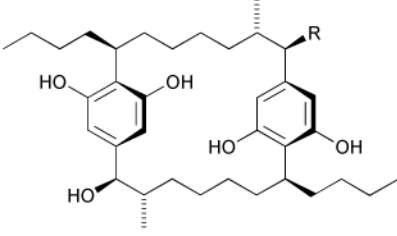
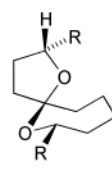
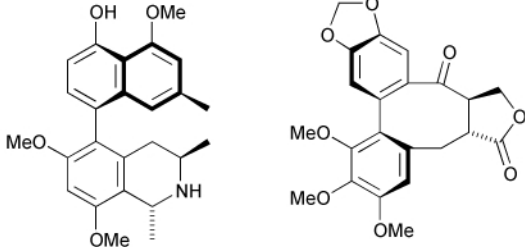

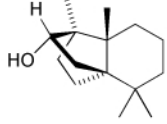


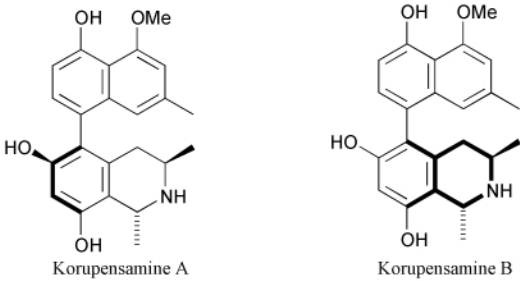
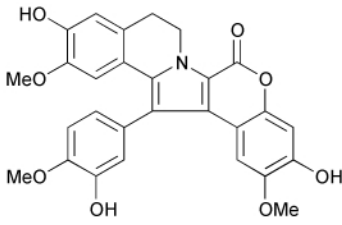
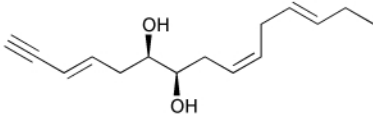
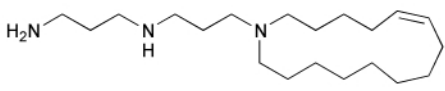
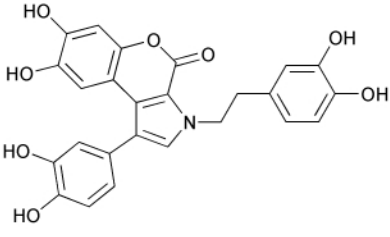
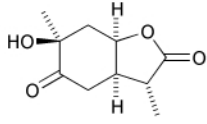
Duncan McArthur and Jacqueline Milne

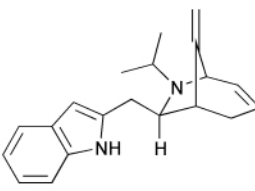
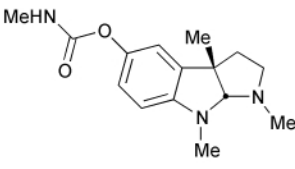
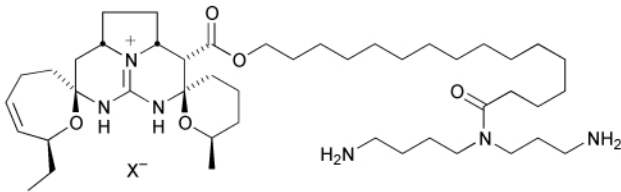
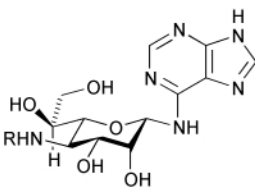
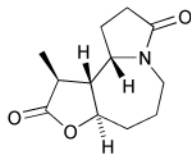
Department of Chemistry, University of Glasgow, Glasgow, UK G12 8QQ

Perkin 1 Abstracts: Natural Product Synthesis aims to highlight syntheses that have been recently published. It includes brief descriptions of *biological activity* and *key steps*. A more comprehensive list of Natural Product syntheses and isolations can be found in *Natural Product Updates*.

<p>(-)-Amamistatin A</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> antiproliferative agent against several human cancer cell lines.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> (a) synthesis of a β-hydroxy acid <i>via</i> chiral oxazaborolidine-mediated aldol reaction; (b) oxazole ring constructed <i>via</i> cyclodehydration of an <i>N</i>-acetylthreonine.</p> <p>F. Yokokawa, K. Izumi, J. Omata and T. Shioiri, <i>Tetrahedron</i>, 2000, 56, 3027.</p>	
<p>(2<i>S</i>,12'<i>R</i>)-2-(12'-Aminotridecyl)pyrrolidine</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> defense alkaloid extracted from the bodies of adult Mexican bean beetles.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> (a) diastereoselective 1,2-addition of methyl lithium to an aldehyde-SAMP-hydrazone; (b) reductive N-N bond cleavage.</p> <p>D. Enders and C. Thiebes, <i>Synthesis</i>, 2000, 4, 510.</p>	
<p>(-)-Amphidinolide P</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> (a) isolated from strains of microscopic marine dinoflagellates; (b) the amphidinolide family show potent <i>in vitro</i> antitumour activity in NCI screens.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> (a) Sakurai allylation reaction; (b) Stille cross-coupling; (c) macrolactonisation by intramolecular transesterification.</p> <p>D. R. Williams, B. J. Myers and L. Mi, <i>Org. Lett.</i>, 2000, 2, 945.</p>	
<p>Annonacin</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> (a) 9ASK (astrocytoma reversal) activity; (b) high cytotoxicity against KB cells (human nasopharyngeal carcinoma) and P388 cells (mouse leukemia).</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> (a) highly convergent route starting from D-glucono-1,5-lactone, L-ascorbic acid and ethyl L-lactate; (b) coupling between a phosphonium salt and an epoxide; (c) Sharpless asymmetric dihydroxylation.</p> <p>T.-S. Hu, Y.-L. Wu and Y. Wu, <i>Org. Lett.</i>, 2000, 2, 887.</p>	
<p>(±)-Costaclavine and (±)-Pumiliotoxin C</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> not reported.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> (a) Pummerer reaction of imidosulfoxides bearing tethered alkenyl groups; (b) intramolecular dipolar cycloaddition of a mesoionic betaine intermediate.</p> <p>A. Padwa, T. M. Heidelbaugh and J. T. Kuethe, <i>J. Org. Chem.</i>, 2000, 65, 2368.</p>	 <p style="text-align: center;">Costaclavine Pumiliotoxin C</p>

<p>(–)-Cylindrocyclophane A</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> not reported.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> (a) double Horner–Emmons macrocyclic dimerisation; (b) double asymmetric hydroboration of trisubstituted alkenes using IpcBH_2.</p> <p>T. R. Hoye, P. E. Humpal and B. Moon, <i>J. Am. Chem. Soc.</i>, 2000, 122, 4982.</p>	
<p>(–)-Cylindrocyclophanes A and F</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> not reported.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> (a) reaction of a cyclobutenone with a silyoxyalkyne to generate the resorcinol ring; (b) creation of the macrocycle by double metathesis using the Schrock Mo catalyst.</p> <p>A. B. Smith, S. A. Kozmin, C. M. Adams and D. V. Paone, <i>J. Am. Chem. Soc.</i>, 2000, 122, 4984.</p>	 <p>(–)-Cylindrocyclophane A (R = OH) (–)-Cylindrocyclophane F (R = H)</p>
<p>(2<i>S</i>,5<i>R</i>,7<i>S</i>)-2,7-Dimethyl-1,6-dioxaspiro[4.6]undecane and (2<i>S</i>,5<i>R</i>,7<i>S</i>)-2,7-Diethyl-1,6-dioxaspiro[4.6]undecane</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> pheromones produced by <i>Andrena haemorrhoa</i> and <i>Andrena wilkella</i> respectively.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> (a) baker's yeast reduction of two ketone groups to give secondary alcohols; (b) use of a nitro group as a latent ketone.</p> <p>G. Bez, M. Sarma Bezbarua, A. K. Saikia and N. C. Barua, <i>Synthesis</i>, 2000, 4, 537.</p>	 <p>R = Me: (2<i>S</i>,5<i>R</i>,7<i>S</i>)-2,7-Dimethyl-1,6-dioxaspiro[4.6]undecane R = Et: (2<i>S</i>,5<i>R</i>,7<i>S</i>)-2,7-Diethyl-1,6-dioxaspiro[4.6]undecane</p>
<p><i>O,O'</i>-Dimethylkorupensamine A and (–)-Steganone</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> (a) Steganone has <i>in vivo</i> activity against P-338 leukemia in mice and <i>in vitro</i> activity against cells derived from human carcinoma of the nasopharynx; (b) <i>O,O'</i>-dimethylkorupensamine A is potentially active against malaria, HIV-1 and HIV-2.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> Pd(0)-mediated Suzuki–Miyaura cross-coupling of planar chiral (arene)chromium complexes with <i>o</i>-substituted arylboronic acids to give stereoselectively axially chiral mono $\text{Cr}(\text{CO})_3$-complexes of biaryls.</p> <p>K. Kamikawa, T. Watanabe, A. Daimon and M. Uemura, <i>Tetrahedron</i>, 2000, 56, 2325.</p>	 <p><i>O,O'</i>-Dimethylkorupensamine A (–)-Steganone</p>
<p>(±)-Grimaldone</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> isolated from the central European liverwort <i>Mannia fragrans</i>.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> (a) Lewis-acid catalysed rearrangement of a diazo ketone; (b) intramolecular cyclopropanation of a diazo ketone.</p> <p>A. Srikrishna and D. B. Ramachary, <i>Tetrahedron Lett.</i>, 2000, 41, 2231.</p>	
<p>(±)-Junicedranol</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> not reported.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> (a) anionic [1,3] rearrangement of an 8-methylenebicyclo[3.2.1]-oct-6-en-2-ol giving a cyclopentadiene derivative; (b) Diels–Alder reaction.</p> <p>T. Ueyehara, Y. Sato, H. Ishizuka, Y. Sakiyama, M. Ueno and T. Sato, <i>Tetrahedron Lett.</i>, 2000, 41, 1939.</p>	

<p>Korupensamines A and B</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> (a) antimalarial activities <i>in vitro</i> and <i>in vivo</i>; (b) synthetic and biogenetic precursors to anti-HIV homo- and heterodimeric naphthylisoquinolines.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> (a) Pd-catalysed biaryl synthesis; (b) Naphthalene ring constructed <i>via</i> a Stobbe condensation followed by an intramolecular Friedel-Crafts.</p> <p>G. Bringmann, M. Ochse and R. Götz, <i>J. Org. Chem.</i>, 2000, 65, 2069.</p>	 <p style="text-align: center;">Korupensamine A Korupensamine B</p>
<p>Lamellarin L</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> (a) isolated from prosobranch mollusks and ascidians; (b) some alkaloids possessing the hexacyclic lamellarin system inhibit the growth of several tumour cell lines and revert the P-glycoprotein-mediated multidrug resistance (MDR) of tumour cells at very low concentrations.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> (a) one-pot reaction of an ethyl 3-arylpyruvate with a methyl 2-bromo-3-arylpyruvate in the presence of an arylethylamine to form the pyrrole moiety; (b) Pd(0)-catalysed Heck cyclisation.</p> <p>C. Peschko, C. Winklhofer and W. Steglich, <i>Chem. Eur. J.</i>, 2000, 6, 1147.</p>	
<p><i>trans</i>-(+)-Laurediol</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> not reported.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> (a) Sharpless asymmetric dihydroxylation; (b) Wittig reaction.</p> <p>T. Martin and V. S. Martin, <i>Tetrahedron Lett.</i>, 2000, 41, 2503.</p>	
<p>Motuporamine C</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> <i>in vitro</i> cytotoxicity against a panel of human cancer cell lines.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> ring-closing alkyne metathesis.</p> <p>A. Fürstner and A. Rumbo, <i>J. Org. Chem.</i>, 2000, 65, 2608.</p>	
<p>Ningalin B</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> while lacking inherent cytotoxic activity, some ningalin B synthetic precursors, but not ningalin B itself, potently reverse multidrug resistance (MDR), resensitizing a resistant human colon cancer cell line (HTC116/VM46) to vinblastine and doxorubicin.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> heterocyclic azadiene Diels-Alder strategy (1,2,4,5-tetrazine → 1,2-diazine → pyrrole).</p> <p>D. L. Boger, D. R. Soenen, C. W. Boyce, M. P. Hedrick and Q. Jin, <i>J. Org. Chem.</i>, 2000, 65, 2479.</p>	
<p>Paeonilactone A</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> isolated from the root of <i>Paeonia Albiflora</i> Pallas that has been extensively used in Chinese and Japanese herbal medicine for the treatment of abdominal disorders.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> (a) Pd(II)-catalysed 1,4-oxylactonisation of a conjugated diene; (b) copper(I)-catalysed cross-coupling reaction between dienytriflates with Grignard reagents.</p> <p>C. Jonasson, M. Rönn and J.-E. Bäckvall, <i>J. Org. Chem.</i>, 2000, 65, 2122.</p>	

<p>Peduncularine</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> (a) isolated from the Tasmanian shrub <i>Aristolelia peduncularis</i>; (b) biological activity not reported.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> (a) Diels–Alder reaction; (b) intramolecular amidyl radical cyclisation of a hydroxyamic acid based radical with a pendant olefin to generate a functionalised 6-azabicyclo[3.2.1]octane ring.</p> <p>X. Lin, D. Stien and S. M. Weinreb, <i>Tetrahedron Lett.</i>, 2000, 41, 2333.</p>	
<p>Physostigmine</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> analogues of the natural product show promise for the treatment of Alzheimer's disease.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> alkylative cyclisation of 1,3-dimethylindole with (<i>Z</i>)-aziridine catalysed by Sc(OTf)₃ and TMSCl.</p> <p>M. Nakagawa and M. Kawahara, <i>Org. Lett.</i>, 2000, 2, 953.</p>	
<p>(–)-Ptilomycalin A</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> antitumour agents.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> tethered Biginelli condensation of a β-keto ester with a ureidoaminal to create the guanidine nucleus. Crambescidin 657, its methyl ester and crambescidin 800 were also synthesised. An accompanying paper describes syntheses of 13,14,15-isocrambescidin 800 and 13,14,15-isocrambescidin 657.</p> <p>D. S. Coffey, A. I. McDonald, L. E. Overman, M. H. Rabinowitz and P. A. Renhowe, <i>J. Am. Chem. Soc.</i>, 2000, 122, 4893.</p>	
<p>Spicamycin Amino Nucleoside</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> Spicamycin was isolated from the culture broth of <i>Streptomyces alanosinicus</i> as a potent differentiation inducer of HL-60 human promyelocytic leukemia cells.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> coupling of a glycosylamine with 6-chloropurine in the presence of Pd₂(dba)₃ and (+)-BINAP to construct the <i>N</i>-glycoside linkage.</p> <p>T. Suzuki, S. Tanaka, I. Yamada, Y. Koashi, K. Yamada and N. Chida, <i>Org. Lett.</i>, 2000, 2, 1137.</p>	
<p>(–)-Stemoamide</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> Members of the <i>Stemona</i> species have been used in Chinese traditional medicine to manage respiratory disorders and as antihelmintics and antiparasitics.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> intramolecular Diels–Alder/<i>retro</i>-Diels–Alder reaction of an alkyne and an oxazole generated the 7-membered ring and a butenolide precursor in one step. The synthesis was accomplished in 9 steps (4% yield overall).</p> <p>P. A. Jacobi and K. Lee, <i>J. Am. Chem. Soc.</i>, 2000, 122, 4295.</p>	
<p>(–)-Triptolide</p> <p><i>Biological activity:</i> (a) antitumor; (b) antiinflammatory; (c) immunosuppressive; (d) antifertile.</p> <p><i>Key steps:</i> lanthanide triflate-catalysed asymmetric oxidative radical cyclisation mediated by Mn(OAc)₃.</p> <p>D. Yang, X.-Y. Ye and M. Xu, <i>J. Org. Chem.</i>, 2000, 65, 2208.</p>	